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ORM PTO-1390 (Modified) ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE L9289.00120 TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) 01309 CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371 INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED PCT/JP00/01754 March 23, 2000 March 31, 2000 TITLE OF INVENTION COMMUNICATION TERMINAL APPARATUS, BASE STATION APPARATUS AND RADIO COMMUNICATION METHOD APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Guizeng SHI, Osamu KATO, and Mitsuru UESUGI Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). 3. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 4. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2)) is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). has been transmitted by the International Bureau. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US). \boxtimes A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7. A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). 8. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3)) a. 🛘 are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). have been transmitted by the International Bureau. c. 🛘 have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. d. 🗆 have not been made and will not be made. 9. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). П 10. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)). 11. \Box A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409). 12. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)). Items 13 to 20 below concern document(s) or information included: An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. 13. 14 An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 15. A FIRST preliminary amendment. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. 16. 17. A substitute specification. 18. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 19. Certificate of Mailing by Express Mail 20. Other items or information: Transmittal Letter Under Rule 53 Claim for Priority with PCT/IB/304 PCT/IB/308 PCT/RO/101

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REGISTRATION NUMBER

November 28, 2000

DATE

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DESCRIPTION

TERMINAL APPARATUS, BASE STATION COMMUNICATION APPARATUS AND RADIO COMMUNICATION METHOD

Technical Field 5

The present invention relates to a communication terminal apparatus, a base station apparatus and a radio communication method.

10 Background Art

A conventional ARQ (Automatic Repeat reQuest) system has three well known systems of "Stop and Wait ARQ (SW-ARQ)", "Go back N ARQ (GBN-ARQ)" and "Selective Repeat ARQ (SR-ARQ). These three systems have merits that a simple decoder can be employed therein in comparison with an error correction system and high reliability can be obtained and so forth.

In the first place, operation of "SW-ARQ" system is described while employing FIG. 1. A base station 20 transmits one cell (or one packet) to a mobile station. The mobile station checks whether or not an error occurs about the cell in a transmission network. In the case of no error, the mobile station transmits an acknowledge signal (ACK) to the base station while employing a 25returning channel to inform that the mobile station has received data correctly. While in the case where the mobile station has detected the error, the mobile station

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transmits a retransmission request signal (NAK; Negative Acknowledge) of the cell to the base station while canceling the cell with the error. When the base station receives the NAK, the base station retransmits data that is stored in a transmission buffer to the mobile station. Further, the retransmission is continued until the ACK is returned from the mobile station. Thus, procedure of the "SW-ARQ" system is simple, the "SW-ARO" many system is employed widely for data transmission.

Further, in the "GBN-ARQ" system, the base station transmits the cell continuously. Then, the base station, as illustrated in FIG. 2, transmits a next cell without waiting a response signal from the mobile station about the cell. Consequently, the base station results in transmitted plural cells until the base station receives the response signal from the mobile station. example of FIG. 2, the base station transmits the cells of NO. 1 to NO. 5 until the base station receives the NAK from the mobile station. Further, when the base station receives the NAK from the mobile station, the base station retransmits from a cell (NO. 2 cell) with an error to a cell (NO. 6 cell) which is transmitted in a timing when the NAK is received to the mobile station while going back to a cell corresponding to the NAK stored in the transmitting buffer. The mobile station cancels the cells from NO. 2 to NO. 6 received previously, because

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the cells NO. 2 to NO. 6 are retransmitted from the base station.

Moreover, concerning the SR-ARQ system, likewise the GBN-ARQ system, the base station transmits the cell continuously. However, in this system, as illustrated in FIG. 3, the base station retransmits only the cell with occurrence of an error to the mobile station. The SR-ARQ system is one whose transmission efficiency is the most excellent among the above-described three ARQ systems.

Here, in an asymmetrical data transmission, there is a problem that load of a forward channel from the base station to the mobile station becomes large in comparison with a load of a reverse channel from the mobile station to the base station.

In the above-described conventional ARQ system, since retransmission of information data with occurrence of an error in reverse/forward channel is performed while employing the same reverse/forward channel, a problem that load of the forward channel is large in comparison with a load of the reverse channel is not solved.

Disclosure of Invention

An object of the present invention is to provide
25 a communication terminal apparatus, a base station
apparatus and a radio communication method capable of
performing asymmetrical data transmission with

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excellent efficiency while alleviating the load of the forward channel with the large load assigned.

In order to achieve the above-described object, in the present invention, in the case where an error occurs during data transmission in the forward channel, the mobile station returns a received cell as it is while employing the reverse channel. Subsequently, the base station detects an occurrence position of the error while comparing the returned cell with a stored corresponding transmitting cell, followed by informing information indicating the occurrence position of the detected error to the mobile station. Then, the mobile station corrects error data received previously on the basis of the error information.

Namely, in the present invention, since retransmission of the error data that is performed in the forward channel with large load assigned is shifted to the reverse channel, transmission efficiency of asymmetrical data transmission is enhanced.

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Brief Description of Drawings

FIG. 1 is a sequence view for explaining operation of "Stop and Wait ARQ" of a conventional system;

FIG. 2 is a sequence view for explaining operation of "Go back N ARQ" of a conventional system;

FIG. 3 is a sequence view for explaining operation of "Selective Repeat ARQ" of a conventional system;

- FIG. 4 is a configuration view of a radio communication system according to an embodiment 1 of the present invention;
- FIG. 5A is a sequence view for explaining operation of a base station and a mobile station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
 - FIG. 5B is a sequence view for explaining operation of a base station and a mobile station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
- 10 FIG. 6A is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of a transmitting section of the base station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
- FIG. 6B is a view illustrating a configuration of a cell transmitted from the base station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
 - FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the mobile station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
- FIG. 8 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of a receiving section of the base station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention.
 - FIG. 9 is a view illustrating a configuration of error information transmitted from the base station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
 - FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the mobile station according to the

embodiment 1 of the present invention;

- FIG. 11A is another sequence view for explaining operation of the base station and the mobile station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention;
- FIG. 11B is another sequence view for explaining operation of the base station and the mobile station according to the embodiment 1 of the present invention; and
- FIG. 12 is a block diagram illustrating a 10 configuration of a mobile station according to an embodiment 2 of the present invention.

Best Mode for Carrying Out the Invention

Embodiments of the present invention are described in detail below with reference to accompanying drawings.

(Embodiment 1)

is a configuration view of а radio communication system according to an embodiment 1 of the present invention. In FIG. 4, 101 is a transmitting section of a base station side, 102 is a forward user 20channel (forward Uch), 103 is a forward control channel (forward Cch), 104 is a receiving section of a mobile station side, 105 is a transmitting section of the mobile station side, which performs returning of a cell with an error (hereinafter referred to as error cell) and 25 transmission of ACK/NAK signal, 106 is reverse user channel (reverse Uch), 107 is a reverse control channel

(reverse Cch) and 108 is a receiving section of the base station side.

In the base station which is a transmitting side, a cell is inputted to the transmitting section 101. A CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check) bit is added to the cell by the transmitting section 101. Subsequently, the cell is transmitted to the mobile station while employing the forward Uch.

Further, the cell is received by the receiving 10 section 104 of the mobile station. The CRC is performed to the received cell by the receiving section 104. Then, in the case of no error, the cell is transferred to a next processing section which is not illustrated by the receiving section 104. On the other hand, in the case where an error occurs on the cell, the cell is transferred to the transmitting section 105 by the receiving section 104, before being returned to the base station as it is by the transmitting section 105 while employing the reverse Uch.

20 In the base station, the receiving section 108 receives an error cell returned from the mobile station. Further, the receiving section 108 detects occurrence position of the error while comparing the received error cell with a corresponding transmitting cell which is 25 stored. Then, the receiving section 108 outputs information (hereinafter referred to as error information) indicating the occurrence position of the

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error. Further, the transmitting section 101 transmits the error information to the mobile station while employing the forward Cch. Furthermore, in the case where error occurs on data received by the receiving section 108, the transmitting section 101 requires retransmission to the mobile station while employing the NAK signal.

In the mobile station, the receiving section 104 receives the error information transmitted from the base station. Further, in the case where the error information is received correctly, the receiving section 104 corrects the error data received previously on the basis of a position of an error bit indicated by the error information. On the other hand, in the case where the error information is received incorrectly, transmitting section 105 requires retransmission of the error information to the base station while employing the NAK signal. Furthermore, concerning transmission of reverse data to the base station from the mobile station, the SR-ARQ system and so forth which are different from the above-described method is adopted.

FIG. 5A and FIG. 5B are sequence views for explaining operation of the base station and the mobile station according to the embodiment 1. As illustrated in FIG. 5A, in the first place, the base station transmits cells to the mobile station in order of the sequence number (SN) order from NO. 1. Since the cells of NO. 2,

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3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10 are transmitted correctly, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, the mobile station returns the ACK signal to the base station while employing the reverse Cch.

Since error occurs on the cells of NO. 1 and NO. 6, as illustrated in FIG. 5A, the mobile station returns the NO. 1 cell with the error and the NO. 6 cell with the error as they are to the base station.

Since the NO. 1 cell is returned correctly, the base station performs error detection while comparing the received NO. 1 cell with a NO. 1 cell which is stored on the occasion of previous transmission. Further, the base station, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, transmits the error information (NO. 1 error information) to the mobile station while employing the forward Cch. On the other hand, since the NO. 6 cell, as illustrated in FIG. 5A, is returned incorrectly, the base station, illustrated in FIG. 5B, requires such that the mobile station performs returning of the NO. 6 cell again while employing the NAK signal. In compliance with the requirement, the mobile station, as illustrated in FIG. 5A, performs returning of the NO. 6 cell again. since the NO. 6 cell is returned correctly in accordance with the returning performed again, the base station performs error detection while comparing the received NO. 6 cell with a NO. 6 cell which is stored on the occasion of previous transmission. Then, the base station, as

illustrated in FIG. 5B, transmits the error information (NO. 6 error information) to the mobile station while employing the forward Cch.

On the other hand, since the mobile station, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, cannot receive correctly the 5 error information (the NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell, the mobile station requires retransmission of the error information (the NO. 1 error information) while employing the NAK signal. In compliance with this 10 requirement, the base station, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, retransmits the error information (NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell.

illustrated in FIG. 5B, since the information (NO. 6 error information) of the NO. 6 cell 15is transmitted correctly, the mobile station corrects the NO. 6 cell with the error received previously on the basis of a position of an error bit indicated by the error information. Further, as illustrated in FIG. 5B, since the error information (NO. 1 error information) of the 20 NO. 1 cell is transmitted correctly due to retransmission of the error information (NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell, the mobile station corrects the NO. 1 cell with the error received previously on the basis of a position of an error bit indicated by the error information.

According to operation as above, transmission of the cell which is performed while employing the forward

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Uch comes to an end with only one time per each cell. Further, on that particular case where an error occurs on the cell transmitted while employing the forward Uch, a returning of the cell with occurrence of the error is performed while employing the reverse Uch with small load assigned. Accordingly, since load of the forward channel with large communication load assigned is reduced, a value of a throughput becomes approximately 100% with a value of $E_{\rm b}/N_{\rm o}$ hardly related.

Further, since there is a little data quantity of the error information transmitted while employing the forward Cch, it is possible to prevent a decrease in the throughput of the forward channel.

Subsequently, a result of an improvement of the throughput of the forward channel in the case where the radio communication system of the present embodiment is employed is indicated in the following table 1. The table 1 is the throughput characteristic of the present embodiment in comparison with the SR-ARQ system.

20 Further, the throughput value of the forward channel of the SR-ARQ system does not contain the cell that is retransmitted to the NAK from the mobile station.

TABLE 1

$E_{\rm b}/N_{\rm o}$	THROUGHP	UT	IMPROVEMENT	INCREASE OF
	CHARACTERISTIC		OF	TRAFFIC OF
	OF FORWARD		THROUGHPUT	REVERSE
	CHANNEL		CHARACTERIST	CHANNEL
	SR-ARQ	PRESENT	IC OF FORWARD	
	SYSTEM	EMBODIM	CHANNEL	
		ENT		
10 dB	41.9%	ABOUT	58.1 %	MAXIMUM
		100%		54.5 % OF
				FORWARD
				THROUGHPUT
15 dB	88.4%	ABOUT	11.6 %	MAXIMUM 6.3 %
		100%		OF FORWARD
				THROUGHPUT

A following conclusion is obtained from the table 1.

· IMPROVEMENT OF THROUGHPUT CHARACTERISTIC OF FORWARD CHANNEL:

58.1 % (Eb/N0 = 10dB)

·INCREASE OF TRAFFIC OF REVERSE CHANNEL:

MAXIMUM 54.5 % OF FORWARD THROUGHPUT (Eb/N0 = 10dB)

Next, a configuration and operation of the transmitting section 101 of the base station side will be described specifically. FIG. 6A is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the transmitting section 101 of the base station. In FIG. 6A, 301 is a data input section, 302 is a header adding section, 303 is a CRC adding section, 304 is a SN adding section and 305 is a data transmitting section.

In the header adding section 302, an ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode) cell header and a radio header are added to information data inputted to the data

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input section 301, followed by adding the CRC bit in the CRC adding section 303. In the SN adding section 304, a sequence number SN for warranting turn of the data is added to the information data as header control information, before being built into one cell. FIG. 6B illustrates the configuration of the built cell. The built cell is transmitted to the mobile station from the data transmitting section 305 while employing the forward Uch. Transmission of the cell with the forward Uch employed is performed only one time per one cell regardless of existence of an error. Accordingly, it is possible to reduce a communication load of the forward channel.

Next, a configuration and operation of the mobile station side will be described specifically. FIG. 7 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the mobile station. However, in FIG. 7, the same number is added to the same configuration as that of FIG. 4 to omit the description.

In FIG. 7, the receiving section 104 includes a data receiving section 404 and a CRC section 405. Further, the transmitting section 105 includes an ACK returning section 401, an error cell returning section 402, and a CRC renewal processing section 403.

25 Concerning the cell received by the data receiving section 404, in the first place, an error check is performed in the CRC section 405. The CRC section 405

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performs error checking with respect to the cell in accordance with predetermined CRC method.

Further, in the case of no error on the cell, the CRC section 405 outputs a received cell to next processing section which is not illustrated. Then, an acknowledge signal ACK is replied to the base station by the ACK returning section 401 while employing reverse Cch.

On the other hand, in the case where an error exists, a CRC bit is added to a data portion of the received cell newly by the CRC renewal processing section 403. Then, an error cell is returned to the base station as it is by the error cell returning section 402 while employing the reverse Uch.

Thus, in the case where an error occurs on the cell
on the occasion of transmission in the forward channel,
since retransmission of the error cell is performed while
employing the reverse channel with light load assigned,
it is possible to reduce communication load of the forward
channel. Further, the worse is the state of affairs of
the forward propagation path, the larger is the
improvement effect.

Next, a configuration and operation of the receiving section 108 of the base station side will be described specifically. FIG. 8 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the receiving section 108 of the base station side. However, in FIG. 8, the same number is added to the same configuration as that

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of FIG. 4 to omit the description.

In FIG. 8, 501 is a data receiving section, 502 is a CRC section, 503 is a retransmission requiring section, 504 is an error detecting section, 505 is a buffer for storing transmission data, 506 is a retransmission processing section and 507 is an error information processing section.

An error cell returned from the mobile station is received by the data receiving section 501. Then, the CRC section 502 performs CRC to the error cell. case where the error cell cannot be received correctly result (namely, a of the CRC becomes NG), retransmission requiring section 503 retransmission of the error cell to the mobile station while employing the NAK signal. On the other hand, in the case where the error cell is received correctly (namely, a result of the CRC becomes OK), the error detecting section 504 compares the received error cell with a corresponding cell stored in the buffer 505 on the occasion of previous transmission, followed by detecting an occurrence position of the error and the number of occurrence of the error.

In the case where the number of occurrence of the error is smaller than the predetermined number, the error information processor 507 generates error information.

Then, the transmitting section 101 transmits the error information to the mobile station while employing the

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forward Cch.

FIG. 9 illustrates a configuration of the error information. In FIG. 9, 601 is an occurrence position of an error bit, 602 is a sequence number SN and 603 is a CRC bit. The error information configured as above is transmitted to the mobile station while employing the forward Cch. The mobile station can find an occurrence position of the error within the error cell due to the occurrence position 601 of the error bit. Further, the mobile station can find whether the error information is one that is related to which cell due to the SN 602. Furthermore, the CRC bit 603 is employed for checking existence of the error that occurs during transmission of the error information in the mobile station. case where the error information takes such configuration, the error information requires 9 bits per one error.

Thus, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error is smaller than the predetermined number, since the error information with small data quantity is transmitted while employing the forward Cch, it is possible to reduce the communication load of the forward Uch.

On the other hand, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error is more than the predetermined number (for instance, the number of bits of the error information is quantity of more than corresponding one

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cell), the retransmission processing section 506 instructs to the data input section 301 so as to perform retransmission of the cell in stead of the fact that the error information is transmitted to the mobile station.

In this case, the data input section 301 extracts a cell corresponding to the error cell from the buffer 505, followed by retransmitting the corresponding cell to the mobile station while employing the forward Uch. The mobile station rewrites the cell with the same SN due to a cell received newly.

Thus, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error is more than the predetermined number, namely, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error is exceedingly large, since retransmission of the error cell is performed while employing the forward Uch, it is possible to improve utilization efficiency of channel of the whole system. Further, since a probability that the number of occurrence of the error is extremely large is extremely small, there is a few decrease of the throughput of the forward channel due to retransmission of the cell in comparison with the state where the number of occurrence of the error is small.

Next, operation of the mobile station will be described in the case where the mobile station receives the error information from the base station. FIG. 10 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the mobile station according to the embodiment 1 for

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performing correction of the error cell in accordance with the error information. However, in FIG. 10, the same number is added to the same configuration as that of FIG. 4 as well as FIG. 7 to omit the description.

In FIG. 10, 701 is an error correcting section, 702 is a data receiving buffer and 703 is a NAK returning section. The error information transmitted from the base station is received by the data receiving section 404, followed by performing an error check in the CRC section 405.

In a result of the error check, in the case where there is no error in the error information, the error correcting section 701 causes the error bit of corresponding error cell stored in the data receiving buffer 702 to be inverted in accordance with a position of the error bit indicated by the error information to correct the error of the error cell. Then, the error correcting section 701 outputs the corrected cell to a next processing section which is not illustrated.

In a result of the error check, in the case where the error exists in the error information, the NAK returning section 703 transmits the NAK signal to the base station to require retransmission of the error information to the base station.

FIG. 11A and FIG. 11B are another sequence views for explaining operation of the base station and the mobile station according to the embodiment 1. As

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illustrated in FIG. 11A, in the first place, the base station transmits the cell to the mobile station in turn from NO. 1, in SN order. Since the cells of NO. 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9 are transmitted correctly, as illustrated in FIG. 11B, the mobile station returns the ACK signal to the base station while employing the reverse Cch.

Since the error occurs in the cells of NO. 1 and NO. 6, as illustrated in FIG. 11A, the mobile station returns the NO. 1 cell with the error and the NO. 6 cell with the error to the base station as they are while employing the reverse Uch.

Since both of the NO. 1 cell and the NO. 6 cell are returned correctly, the base station compares the received NO. 1 cell and NO. 6 cell with the NO. 1 cell and the NO. 6 cell stored on the occasion of previous transmission respectively, followed by performing detection of the error. Here, for instance, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error in the NO. 1 cell is smaller than the predetermined number, as illustrated in FIG. 11B, the base station transmits error information (NO. 1 error information) indicating occurrence position of an error to the mobile station while employing the forward Cch. Further, for instance, in the case where the number of occurrence of the error in the NO. 6 is more than the predetermined number, namely in the case where the number of occurrence of the error is extremely large, as illustrated in FIG. 11A, the base

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station performs retransmission of the NO. 6 cell while employing the forward Uch in stead of transmission of the error information.

Then, since the retransmitted NO. 6 cell is 5 transmitted correctly, the mobile station, as illustrated in FIG. 11B, returns the ACK signal to the base station. Moreover, since the error information (NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell is not transmitted correctly, the mobile station requires retransmission 10 of the error information (NO. 1 error information) to the base station while employing the NAK signal. compliance with this requirement, the base station, as illustrated in FIG. 11B, retransmits the information (NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell 15 to the mobile station.

Then, since the retransmitted error information (NO. 1 error information) of the NO. 1 cell is transmitted correctly, the mobile station corrects the NO. 1 cell with the error received previously on the basis of a position of the error bit indicated by the error information.

As described above, according to the present embodiment, it is possible to decrease communication load of the forward channel with large communication load assigned.

(Embodiment 2)

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FIG. 12 is a block diagram illustrating a configuration of the mobile station according to an embodiment 2 of the present invention. Further, in FIG. 12, the same number is added to the same configuration as that of FIG. 4 and FIG. 7 to omit the description.

In FIG. 12, 901 is a returning section, 902 is a returning buffer, 903 is a CRC adding section, 904 is a reverse transmission buffer and 905 is a data transmitting section. Concerning a cell received by the data receiving section 404, in the first place, an error check is performed in the CRC section 405. In the case where an error exists, the returning section 901 performs returning processing. The cell results in a condition for waiting transmission in the returning buffer 902.

On the other hand, data transmitted from the mobile station, to which the CRC bit is added in the CRC adding section 903, results in a condition for waiting transmission in the reverse transmitting buffer 904.

The data transmitting section 905 refers to the reverse transmitting buffer 904 on the occasion of transmission of the data. The data transmitting section 905, in the case where transmitted information data is stored in the reverse transmitting buffer 904, transmits the information data stored in the reverse transmitting buffer 904 while taking precedence over returning of the cell with an error stored in the returning buffer 902. Then, when the information data stored in the reverse

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transmitting buffer 904 is over, the data transmitting section 905 returns the error cell stored in the returning buffer 902.

As described above, according to the present embodiment, since returning of the error cell is performed only in the case where there is room in a traffic of the reverse Uch, it is possible to return the error cell without influencing transmission of the information data.

10 Further, in the embodiment 1 and the embodiment 2, as one example, there is described on the assumption that the ATM cell form is employed as the form of the information data. However, the form of the employed information data is not limited to the ATM cell form.

15 It does not matter whether the form of the information is a packet or so forth.

As described above, according to the present invention, transmission of the cell performed while employing the forward Uch ends by only one time per each cell. Further, returning of the cell with the error occurrence is performed while employing the reverse Uch with small load assigned on that particular case where an error occurs in the cell transmitted while employing the forward Uch. Consequently, according to the present invention, since the throughput becomes about 100% in the context with a value of $E_{\rm b}/N_{\rm 0}$ hardly related, the load of the forward channel whose communication load is large

is reduced.

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Further, according to the present invention, since the error information transmitted while employing the forward Cch has a small amount of data quantity, it is possible to prevent decrease of the throughput of the forward channel.

Consequently, according to the present invention, since it is possible to alleviate load of the forward channel with large load assigned, it is possible to perform asymmetrical data transmission with excellent efficiency.

This application is based on the Japanese Patent Application No. HEI 11-94351 filed on March 31, 1999 and the Japanese Patent Application No. HEI 11-102734 filed on April 9, 1999, entire contents of which are expressly incorporated by reference herein.

Industrial Applicability

The present invention is applicable to a base 20 station apparatus that is employed in a radio communication system, and to a communication terminal apparatus such as a mobile station for performing radio communication to the base station apparatus.

20

CLAIMS

 A communication terminal apparatus comprising: an error checker for checking whether or not an error exists in a unit of transmission that is received;

5 returner for returning the unit of transmission with an error detected; and

corrector for correcting the error of the unit of transmission with the error detected on the basis of error information which is received after reception of the unit of transmission with the error detected.

- 2. A communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the corrector corrects the error on the basis of information indicating a position of an error bit.
- 3. A communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the corrector causes the error bit to be inverted so as to correct the error.
 - 4. A communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the error checker checks existence of an error of the unit of transmission due to CRC.
 - 5. A communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the returner adds a CRC bit to the unit of transmission with the error detected to return.
- 6. A communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the returner stores the unit of transmission with the error detected, followed by returning the stored unit of transmission only when there

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is no unit of transmission further.

7. A base station apparatus comprising:

a transmitter for transmitting a generated unit of transmission and for storing the generated unit of transmission in a buffer;

a detector for detecting an error within the unit of transmission while comparing a unit of transmission returned from the communication terminal apparatus according to claim 1 with a unit of transmission stored in the buffer; and

an error information generator for generating information regarding the error.

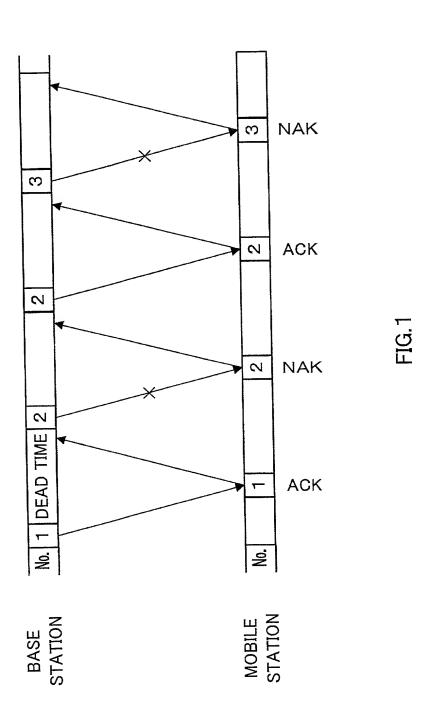
- 8. A base station apparatus according to claim 7, further comprising a retransmitter for retransmitting the unit of transmission stored in the buffer in the case where the number of the errors existing within the unit of transmission is not less than a predetermined threshold value.
 - 9. A radio communication method comprising:
- 20 retransmitting a unit of transmission with an error detected from a communication terminal apparatus;

generating information regarding an error within the unit of transmission while comparing a returned unit of transmission with a corresponding unit of transmission stored in a buffer previous to transmission of the unit of transmission in a base station apparatus, followed by transmitting the information to the

communication terminal apparatus from the base station apparatus; and

correcting the error on the unit of transmission on the basis of the information in the communication terminal apparatus.

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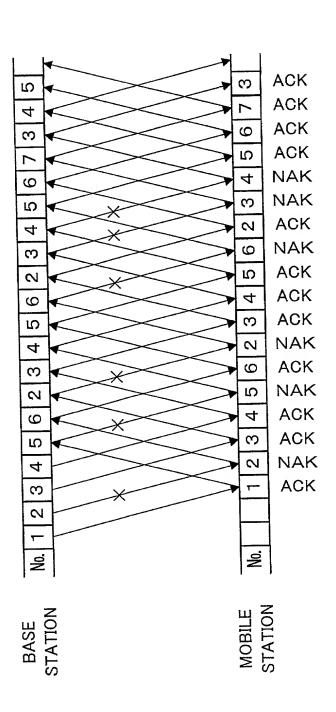


FIG.

3/11

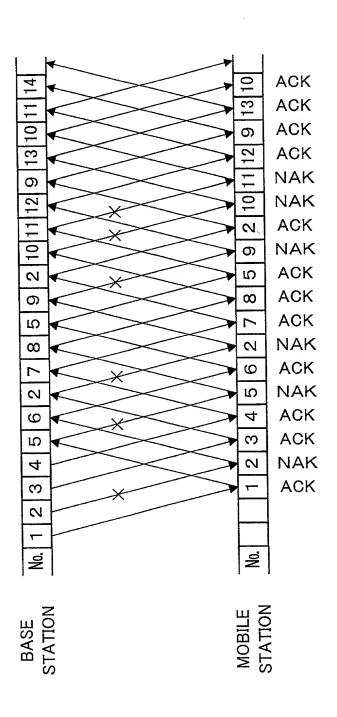
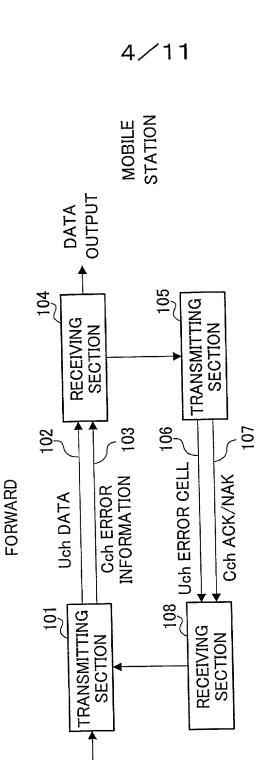


FIG.



DATA INPUT

> BASE STATION

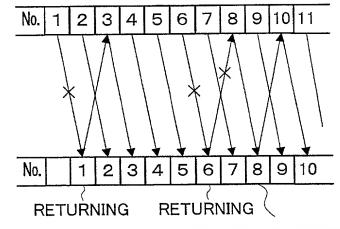
FIG.4

REVERSE

BASE STATION

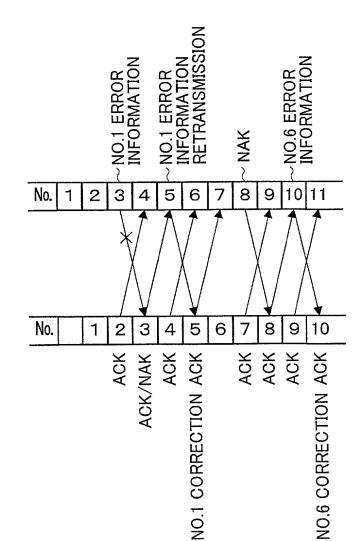
Uch SEQUENCE

MOBILE STATION



NO.6 RETRANSMISSION

FIG.5A

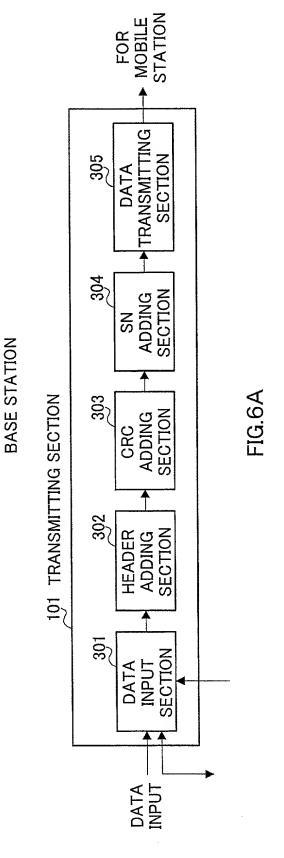


BASE STATION

Cch SEQUENCE

MOBILE STATION

FIG.5B



CRC
DATA
ATM HEADER
RADIO HEADER
SN

FIG.6B

MOBILE STATION

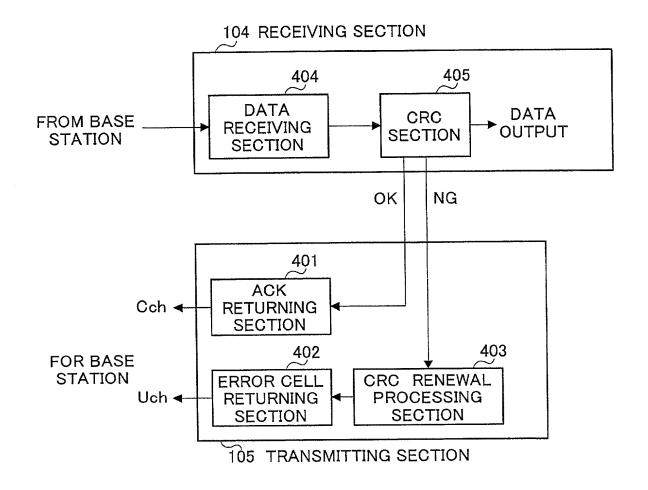


FIG.7

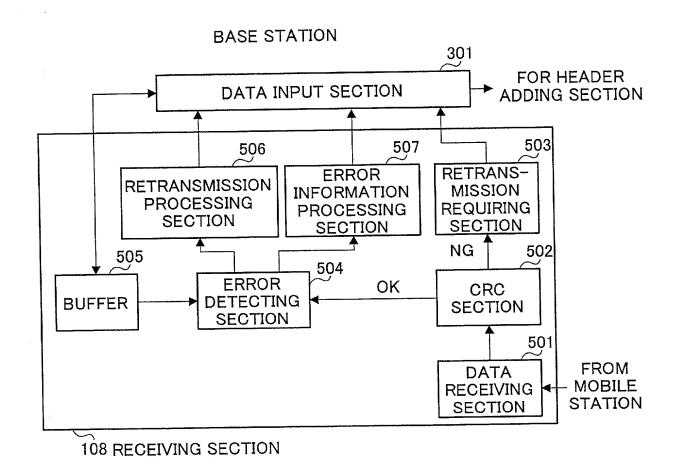


FIG.8

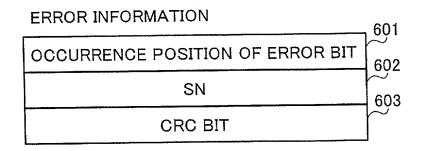
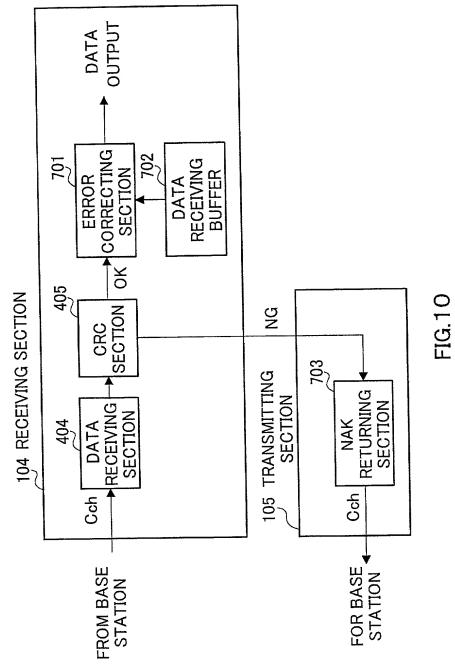
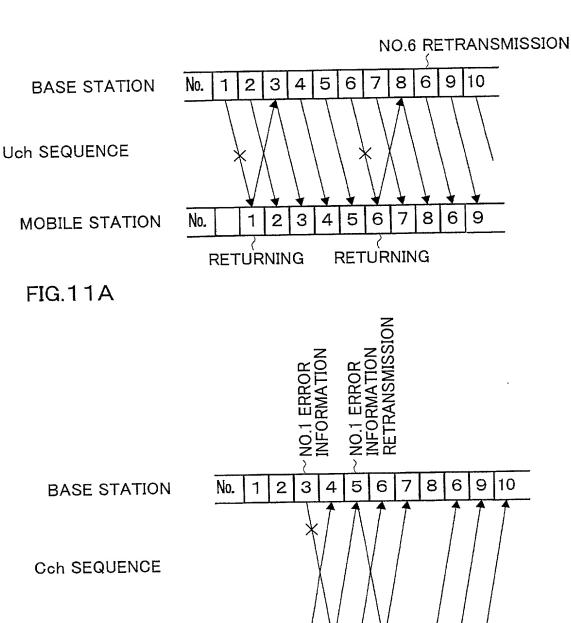


FIG.9

MOBILE STATION







MOBILE STATION

5 3 6 8 No. 1 ACK ACK ACK ACK ACK/NAK ACK

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FIG.11B

MOBILE STATION

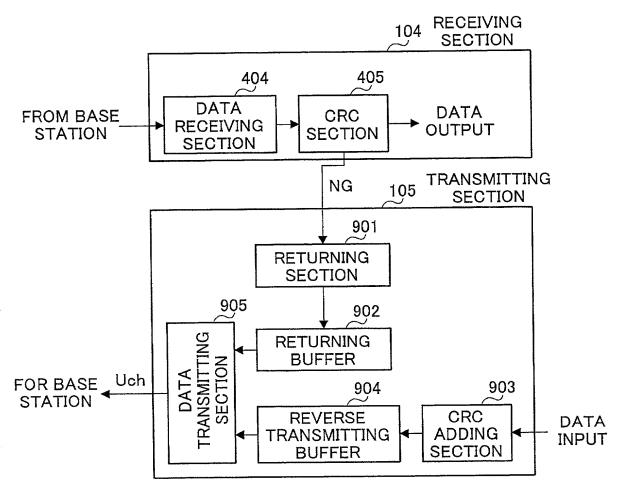


FIG.12

APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT **Declaration for Patent Application**

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on

the specific	cation of v	vhich		2 (file no _	 -	.)			
(check at least one)		3[] 4[x] 6[]	is attached hereto was filed on <u>11/28/2</u> and was amended	2000 as (5) U.S.	Application Serial No09/7	701,309			
		(if applicable)							
	7[x]	was filed as P	CT international applic	cation					
Use this	8	Number PC	T/JP00/01754						
portion only if you	9	on March 2	23, 2000						
are entering the U.S. National		and was amer	and was amended under PCT Article(s) 19 and/or 34						
phase based on a PCT	10	on —			(if applicable).				
International Application	11	priority date of	claimed in PCT Internat	tional Application					
designating the U.S.		JAPAN		351	31/March/1999				
-		(Country)	(Number)		(Day/Month/Year Filed)				
		JAPAN (Country)	<u>JP11-102</u>	734	9/April/1999 (Day/Month/Year Filed)				
		(Country)	(Number)	'	Day/Month/Tear Fried)				
		(Country)	(Number)		(Day/Month/Year Filed)				
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111 power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office:

James E. Ledbetter, Reg. No. 28732; Thomas P. Pavelko, Reg. No. 31689; and Anthony P. Venturino, Reg. No. 31674.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION SHOULD BE SENT TO STEVENS, DAVIS, MILLER & MOSHER, L.L.P., 1615 L Street, N.W., Suite 850, Washington, D.C. 20036, TELEPHONE (202) 408-5100, FACSIMILE (202) 408-5200.

by

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF THIS FORM

- line 1 ... Insert the same title as is used on the specification and in the assignment.
- line 2 Is optional but is provided so that you can use it to identify more readily an application prior to the time that the Patent Office application serial number is we suggest that the specification, drawings and declaration always bear a file number since it can help to get the papers together in case they become inadvertently separated. In instances where the specification is filed without a signed declaration form (under 37 CFR §1.53) a file number on a later-received separate form will assist us in associating it with the correct case.
- line 3 Check this box if the specification, claims and drawing (if any) are attached to this declaration form, e.g., when filing a new patent application.
- lines 4-5 Are only used in an instance where the application is already on file and the declaration from is being separately filed, e.g., when the application was originally filed without a signed declaration or where the Patent Office has required a new declaration because of a deficiency in the original declaration. In such an instance the Patent Office will require that lines 4 and 5 be completed with the filing date and application serial number already assigned.
- line 6 Is used in conjunction with line 5 but only when there have been one or more amendments to the specification or claims. Line 6 is also used when the Examiner requires a new declaration because claims inserted by amendment cover subject matter not originally claimed (37 CFR §1.67).
- lines 7-11 Are for PCT (Patent Cooperation Treaty) cases and are used <u>only</u> when you are entering the U.S. National phase (Chapter I or II) based upon a previously filed PCT International application designating the U.S.
- line 7 Check this box if this is a PCT National Phase application.
- line 8 Insert PCT International application number.
- line 9 Insert date of filing of PCT International application.
- lines 10-11 Insert the date of all amendments filed in the PCT International application. Such amendments are optional, so this line at times will not be used.
- line 12a Is used in the following instances:
 - (i) If a single priority is being claimed from a foreign application you need to list only the first-filed application; you do not need to list other countries if all applications were filed within one year of the U.S. filing.
 - (ii) If multiple priorities are being claimed, from a plurality of applications filed in one or more countries, you must list the first filed application for each aspect of the invention. Example: if aspect A of the invention was disclosed in an application filed 11 months earlier in country X and aspect B was disclosed 9 months earlier in an application filed in country Y, then the applications in both countries X and Y must be identified. Only the <u>first</u> application for each aspect of the invention needs to be identified <u>provided</u> all applications on that aspect were filed within one year prior to the U.S. filing.
 - (iii) If a non-priority application is being filed you must list <u>all</u> applications in all countries where corresponding foreign applications were filed <u>more than one</u> year prior to the U.S. filing. This is so the Examiner can check to see if any of those applications were published or patented early enough to be prior art against the U.S. application.
 - (iv) If there are more than two applications to be listed we suggest that you type in on this form only "See attached Schedule A" and then list all of the previous applications on an attached sheet.
- line 12b Is used to claim priority under 35 USC §119(e) based on a provisional application filed within one year of the filing of the instant application. More than one provisional application may be identified provided neither was filed more than one year earlier.
- line 13 This block is used only in instances where there is a previously filed <u>U.S.</u> non-provisional application which was copending at the time the present application was for is being) filed. that previous application could be a U.S. non-provisional application or the National Phase of a PCT allocation. In such a case the present application may be entitled to the priority of the previous application's U.S. filing date (and consequently the foreign priority thereof) provided the present application is identified as a continuing application (continuation, divisional or continuation-in-part) of the earlier (parent) application. If the foregoing is applicable, please fill in one line for each such prior application.
- line 14 Type the inventor's proper legal name in the order specified, e.g., "John B. JONES" or "J. Bob JONES" if the inventor so prefers. It is <u>not</u> acceptable to use only initials such as "J. B. JONES."
- line 15 The inventor's "signature" may be his (or her) usual manner of signing but it is preferable that the inventor simply write his (or her) name in his (or her) own cursive handwriting in the same order as on line 14, e.g., given name, middle initial and Family name.
- line 16 Insert the actual date of signature.
- line 17 Insert simply the city and state or country, e.g., "Paris, France", of the inventor's <u>residence</u>, not citizenship. No street address or postal code is required on this line.
- line 18 Insert the inventor's citizenship. The statement of citizenship (or subject of) is a statutory requirement (35 USC §115). Simply the name of the country of citizenship, e.g., "Japan" is sufficient.
- line 19 Insert the inventor's mailing address. The purpose of requiring the post office address is to enable the Patent Office to communicate directly with the inventor if desired, such as in the case of death of the U.S. attorney. It should be the address where the inventor customarily receives his (or her) mail and should include the postal code. If applicable it can be the inventor's business address or address at place of employment.

Applicants are reminded that the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office has very strict requirements as to proper execution of an application. The applicant should make sure that he reviews the declaration, prior to signing to make sure the declaration properly identifies the application and all relevant information; and should review the specification and claims (including drawings, if any) before signing the declaration. Failure to do so will require the filing of a supplemental declaration --- 37 CFR §1.67(c).

Any handwritten changes to the specification, claims or drawings must be in ink personally by all of the inventors prior to signing the declaration and the adjacent left margin must be initialed and dated by all of the inventors, e.g., "JBJ 6-9-91".

Please let us know if there are any questions regarding proper completion of this form. Thank you.

An assignment, a separate document requiring separate signature and dating may be enclosed. Please look for it and sign and date it in the same manner as in lines 15 and 16 above.

• STEVENS, DAVIS, MILLER & MOSHER, L.L.P.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

		PAG	E 2 OF U.S.A. DECL	ARATION FORM			
14a	Typewritten Full Name of Sole or First Inventor	1-0	Guizeng		SHL		
	of sole of Flist Inventor	1 -	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name		
15a	Inventor's Signature	-			•		
134	inventor's Signature						
16a	Date of Signature						
		41.1.	Month	Day	Year Year		
17a	Residence	Akishi City	ma-shi	Tokyo State or Province	JAPAN Country		
18a	Citizenship	JAPAI	N		Country		
19a	Post Office Address		·104, Midori-cho,				
174	(Insert complete mailing	4-4-10-	104, Midoli-Cho,				
	address, including country)	_Akishi	ma-shi, Tokyo 196-	0004 JAPAN			
14b	Typewritten Full Name	00					
2.0	of Sole or First Inventor	LW	Osamu		KATO		
		<u> </u>	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name		
15b	Inventor's Signature		Osamu		Kato		
16h	Date of Signature		1	24	200/		
16b	Date of Signature		Month	Day	Year		
1,7b	Residence	Yokosı	ıka-shi	Kanagawa (JAPAN		
i, j		City		State or Province	Country		
186	Citizenship	<u>JAPA</u>	Ŋ				
19b	Post Office Address	5-45-G	302, Shonantakato	ri,			
	(Insert complete mailing address, including country)	Vokosi	ıka-shi, Kanagawa	227 0066 TADAN			
L.J		_1 UKUSI	<u>ika-shi, Kahagawa</u> 7	237-0000 JAFAN			
14¢	Typewritten Full Name of Sole or First Inventor	21	/ Mitsuru		UESUGI		
	90	. محرک	Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name		
15e	Inventor's Signature		Miteur	M2	alongi		
160	Data of Signature		/	24	200/		
16c	Date of Signature		Month	Day	Year		
17c	Residence	Yokosuk	a-shi	Kanagawa S	J. JAPAN		
		City		State or Province	Country		
18c	Citizenship	JAPAN					
19c	Post Office Address	17-1-402, Anjindai,					
	(Insert complete mailing address, including country)	Yokosuka-shi, Kanagawa 238-0048 JAPAN					
14d							
140	Typewritten Full Name of Sole or First Inventor						
			Given Name	Middle Name	Family Name		
15d	Inventor's Signature						
16d	Date of Signature		Month	Day	Year		
17d	Residence		TATOMEN	Day	ı vai		
2,4	1051401100	City		State or Province	Country		
18d	Citizenship				·		
19d	Post Office Address						
	(Insert complete mailing address, including country)						
	uuuress, inciuuing country)						

^{*}Note to Inventor: Please sign name on line 15 exactly as it appears in line 14 and insert the actual date of signing on line 16. If there are more than four inventors, please add a copy of this page for identification and signatures for the additional inventors.